

























# Hastings



# Chronicle.

A POLITICAL, COMMERCIAL, AND LITERARY JOURNAL.

VOL. XIV.

BELLEVILLE, CANADA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1855.

NO. 13.

## THE HASTINGS CHRONICLE

A COMBINED POLITICAL AND LITERARY WEEKLY, PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.  
BY E. MILLIS, Victoria Buildings.  
TERMS.—To Mail Subscribers, 10s.; in advance, 8s.; to Post Office, 12s.; to Canada, 12s.; to U.S., 15s.; When delivered by carrier, 2s.; 6d. extra will be charged.

Rate for ADVERTISING.—Six lines, 2s.; 6d. for the first, and 7d. each subsequent insertion.

From 6 to 10 lines, 3s.; 4d. for the first, and 9d. each subsequent insertion.

Two lines, 2d.; 3d. for the first, and 4d. each subsequent insertion.

Line and upwards, 4d. per line for the first, and 1d. per line each subsequent insertion.

**BUSINESS DIRECTORY.**

**D. BURDITT, M.B., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.** GRADUATE of the University of Tübingen. Office in McDonald's Buildings, over 'Riley's' Store, Front St., Belleville. Address given to the post, *Gratis.* 10

**INSURANCE.** THE MONTRAL FIRE, Life and Inland Navigation Assurance Company, Capital £100,000.

**COLONIAL LIFE Assurance Company, Capital, £200,000.** (For Life only.)

**THE undermentioned are to insure Fire, Life, and Marine risks in the above Companies, upon very moderate terms.**

**ROSS & BELL, Agents.** Belleville, Oct. 1855. 42

**THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON LIFE Insurance Company, Capital, £20,000.**

**THE MONARCH LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.** Head Office in Canada at Montreal. Capital, £300,000 sterling.

**THE CANADA WEST FARMERS' MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.**

All applications for Insurance in the above Companies to the undersigned Agent, will meet with prompt attention.

**P. R. PALMER,** *Tutor or Bellerrite.*

**Insurance.**

**THE "BEACON LIFE & FIRE OFFICE" of London, England, with a Board of Directors, and a branch office in Kingston, C. V., for the prompt adjustment of losses at regular intervals of the Company.**

**ROBERT NEWBURY,** Agent for Belleville and vicinity.

**MONARCH.**

**FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY of London; Capital £300,000; Accumulated fund £200,000.** JAMES BOOTH, Agent, Front Street, at J. Bond & Son's Clothing Store. 50

**R. P. JELLIETT.**

**ATTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Notary Public, and Conveyancer.—Front Street, Belleville.**

**WALTER FINDLAY,**

**NOTARY PUBLIC & CONVEYANCER.—Front Street, Belleville.** Punctually referred to, etc. Full title examined.

Office, Victoria Buildings, next to that lately occupied by Hon. H. Hart. 50

**B. E. S. WILLSON,**

**Physician, Surgeon, and Aconcheur; Residence—ROSLIN.** 41

**A. R. DORRILL,**

**BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY, Solicitor in Chancery and Bankruptcy, Conveyancer, &c. Office, Victoria Buildings, Front St., Belleville.** 26

**H. H. HENDERSON,**

**BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, &c. Office in the Victoria Buildings, under the Chronicle 2**

**Gillespie Co.,**

**W. H. COOPER & CO. Grocers and Commission Merchants, 1st Floor, 100 Front St., Belleville.** 41

**J. H. GERMAN,**

**DRAPER in Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear, SHOES and INDIA RUBBERS, at the Penitentiary Boot and Shoe Store, Front St., Belleville, C. W.** 23

**ROBERT S. PERRY,**

**SHIPPING FORWARDER and Commission Merchant, 1st Floor, 100 Front St., Belleville.**

**M. & J. E. LENT,**

**DEALERS in American Italian MARBLE, opposite the Post Office, Belleville. All kinds of Steel, Iron, Zinc, Tumb, Tubs, Mouldings, Furniture Tops, Seats, Etc. &c. punctually attended to.** 48

**NORTH AMERICAN HOTEL,**

**Coburg, Division St., near the Wharf.**

**W. F. CHURCH, Proprietor.**

**Piano Forte Tuner.** H. C. MASON, Teacher and Tuner of Pianos, and of the Flute, Violin, &c. 2

**WM. NORTHRIDGE,**

**Watch and Clock Maker,**

**OPPOSITE L. GRANT'S STORE,**

**Front St., Belleville.**

**HAS JUST RECEIVED** a well assort-

**ed stock of Goods in his line, which**

**he will sell cheap, or will be prompt**

**to make to order any article in the above.**

**A supply of Hats and Cloths, Caps, &c.**

**All of which will be sold cheap for Cash.** All Articles Warranted.

**Cash paid for all kinds of hats and**

**shipping fees.**

**JOSEPH CHILVER**

**HAVING renounced to the above pro-**

**penses, begs to inform the public that**

**he has now on hand an extensive stock**

**of FURS, of all descriptions, consisting**

**in part of**

**Otter, Seal, Beaver, Neuter, Astracan,**

**Siberian Lamb, (Black and Grey),**

**Mink and Martin, Caps, Boas,**

**Guanaco, Mink, Fox, &c.**

**He is also manufacturing and preparing**

**to make to order any article in the above.**

**A supply of Hats and Cloths, Caps, &c.**

**All of which will be sold cheap for**

**Cash.** All Articles Warranted.

**Cash paid for all kinds of hats and**

**shipping fees.**

**JOSEPH CHILVER,**

**Belle Vue, Sept. 25th, 1855.**

**CARRIAGE AGES.**

**A LOT of fine best finished Patent Steel**

**now at sale at my Saleroom in Bel-**

**leville, opposite E. W. Holton's Store, which**

**will be sold at a small advance on the first**

**cost.** GEO. A. BROWN. 39

**Belle Vue, May, 1855.**

## THE STEAMER



## "TRENTON,"

(From the REMAINDER of THIS NUMBER.)

**WILLIAM'S REGULAR TRIPS**

**FROM MONTREAL**

**TO THE BAY OF QUÉBEC.**

**UPWARDS.**

**Leave MONTREAL on Monday afternoon.**

**Arrive QUÉBEC Thursday afternoon,**

**and return to MONTREAL Saturday morning.**

**Freight apply to**

**CAPT. G. H. CRYSLER,**

**Board, F. P. MCQUAIG & CO., KINGSTON,**

**BILLIAFLINT, BELLEVILLE,**

**N. M. BUCKUS, MONTREAL,**

**September 25, 1855.**

## Port's Corner.

BY JOHN T. SWARTZ.

**There are no Tears in Heaven.**

**BY JOHN T. SWARTZ.**

**I met a boy, his feet were bare,**

**His work done shivered in the cold;**

**His face was pale, his eyes were dim;**

**His flowing eye his sorrow told.**

**Said I, "poor boy, why weep so?**

**What ails thee?"**

**"I have no where to lay my head;**

**I have no friends and no home."**

**Not friends, but friends are friends,**

**For you your precious blood has given;**

**Cheer up, and bid each tear be dry—**

**There's no tears in heaven."**

**I saw a man in his boy's green,**

**Blind weeping o'er his young bride's bier;**

**"I have lost my bride," he cried,**

**"I have lost my bride."**

**"Heartstricken one," said I, "weep not;**

**"Weep not in agony, weep not in grief;**

**"Weep not in pain, weep not in**

"The cause assigned by the Minister for the appearance of our ships at Boston, in the course of the summer, was the capturing of a vessel of New York; but the fact is denied, and it is well known that this is a mere pretext, for the real cause refers to the affairs of the Mosquito territory. The ensuing battle, however, decided in our favor, and it was the Mosquito, at Washington, — never caused a solitary wound against Mr. Conyngham. The Mosquito question is the one which impresses the peace between Great Britain and the United States, which rests with the administration, and injures its quality. The total loss by the fall of this building is estimated at \$40,000. The loss on the wheat will probably be divided pro rata among those who had wheat in store."

The Pacific brought 181 passengers, and London papers of Saturday.

From Washington.

The Washington Correspondence of the N. Y. Courier writer.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12. — It is understood that Commodore Paulding has been summoned to Washington on business of the highest importance.

The Earl of Ellesmere, in a lecture which he delivered on the subject of the Russian war, intended for the defense of Odessa and for reinforcement of the army in the Crimea, is stationed at Nikolaev. A large Russian force was marched to Odessa, where the allied forces were sending their supplies. The British were advancing, marched back as speedily as possible.

Although, since the reduction of Kinburn and Ochakov, a raid force of the Allies may advance on Nikolaev, advances from the spot are not considered necessary.

It is thought of an early season of the year.

The tactics of the allied commanders seem directed rather to expose the enemy to the destructive influence of winter, and to cut off his retreat, than to force him to a stand.

The most authentic statement that has been made is that the British opinion is that the fleet has entered the Gulf of Perekop.

At Sebastopol the Allies continue their repairs to the city, and their preparations for the bombardment of Foros and Constantine, the head of the Dnieper.

A despatch has been sent to the Emperor.

Now, however, the Emperor has left his own direction.

The Allied army is at present in considerable strength in the Crimea, and is engaged in the destruction of the fortifications of the 20th hth, of the skirmish of cavalry under General D'Alvigny as "inaugurating a new series of operations," we may expect to see more use made of that arm.

Previous accounts have informed us of the advance of the Allies from Zapovednoye, and the progress in face of the enemy.

Prince Gortchakoff now announces to his Government, that in consequence of demonstrations he made on their behalf, the Allies have returned to their former positions.

Some successes, but trifling, have been made by the fleet.

In the Crimea a belief prevails that the Russians would attack the allied positions, consequently the advance of the troops was countermanded, and the British have returned to Eupatoria, the French to Balaclava, and the Turks and Russians to the Tchernaya. The Allies are preparing and arming Sebastopol, and they keep up a desultory fire against the north side.

The London Times, apparently

speaking from authority, says:

"We believe there can be no doubt that the British and French, in their efforts to expel the Russians from the Crimea, are destined for the present season. The main body of both armies will at once go into winter quarters. Five months of inactivity are thus before the arms of the East."

Falling of the Charlotte Elevator—Great Disaster of Property—Loss \$10,000.

From Boston.

The Boston Evening Journal.

The new gran elevator at Charlotte, mouth of the Genesee, fell yesterday morning, destroying a large amount of property, but happily involving no loss of life.

There was about 6,237 bushels of wheat in the bins, a greater amount than had been stored in any one bin, although its capacity was 100,000 bushels. Vessels had been discharging freely during the week past, and the car and tank it away but slowly.

On Saturday the attention of the proprietors of the elevator, and of the public, was countermanded; and the British Minister and Consul in the United States.

The Morning Post explicitly asserts that this is one of the objects of the expedition.

In its own words, the design to lower the arrogance and cool the sanguineness of the American Government.

Of course it will be inferred, that the other side of the Atlantic, that the subject is in the hands of a political party, and not in the hands of the Government.

What has been done, however, must be left to the judgment of the public.

One of the most offensive districts against the United States in connection with this avowedly hostile naval expedition, was published in the Morning Post, a tender upon Lord Palmerston.

Appearing in that quarter, it has the sanction of a somewhat popular journal, and is likely to be repeated by our Government.

It is the same as if the Washington Union

should, in a leading article, announce that the Government was informed that expeditions were fitting out in the Hebrides for a descent upon the British Isles.

We know that the project was not supported by the Times of an apprehended descent from the United States upon Ireland, is an impudent invention.

No such idea ever crossed the mind of a British statesman or editor, except as an excuse for their hostile and aggressive proceeding.

That the Times is a popular and Cabbalistic paper, much by surprise, they did not the public.

I am informed that the despatches from our Minister do not allude to the subject, but I understand that it has engaged the attention of our Government.

What has been done, however, must be left to the judgment of the public.

One of the most offensive districts against the United States in connection with this avowedly hostile naval expedition, was published in the Morning Post, a tender upon Lord Palmerston.

Appearing in that quarter, it has the sanction of a somewhat popular journal, and is likely to be repeated by our Government.

It is the same as if the Washington Union

should, in a leading article, announce that the Government was informed that expeditions were fitting out in the Hebrides for a descent upon the British Isles.

We know that the project was not supported by the Times of an apprehended descent from the United States upon Ireland, is an impudent invention.

No such idea ever crossed the mind of a British statesman or editor, except as an excuse for their hostile and aggressive proceeding.

That the Times is a popular and Cabbalistic paper, much by surprise, they did not the public.

I am informed that the despatches from our Minister do not allude to the subject, but I understand that it has engaged the attention of our Government.

What has been done, however, must be left to the judgment of the public.

One of the most offensive districts against the United States in connection with this avowedly hostile naval expedition, was published in the Morning Post, a tender upon Lord Palmerston.

Appearing in that quarter, it has the sanction of a somewhat popular journal, and is likely to be repeated by our Government.

It is the same as if the Washington Union

should, in a leading article, announce that the Government was informed that expeditions were fitting out in the Hebrides for a descent upon the British Isles.

We know that the project was not supported by the Times of an apprehended descent from the United States upon Ireland, is an impudent invention.

No such idea ever crossed the mind of a British statesman or editor, except as an excuse for their hostile and aggressive proceeding.

That the Times is a popular and Cabbalistic paper, much by surprise, they did not the public.

I am informed that the despatches from our Minister do not allude to the subject, but I understand that it has engaged the attention of our Government.

What has been done, however, must be left to the judgment of the public.

One of the most offensive districts against the United States in connection with this avowedly hostile naval expedition, was published in the Morning Post, a tender upon Lord Palmerston.

Appearing in that quarter, it has the sanction of a somewhat popular journal, and is likely to be repeated by our Government.

It is the same as if the Washington Union

should, in a leading article, announce that the Government was informed that expeditions were fitting out in the Hebrides for a descent upon the British Isles.

We know that the project was not supported by the Times of an apprehended descent from the United States upon Ireland, is an impudent invention.

No such idea ever crossed the mind of a British statesman or editor, except as an excuse for their hostile and aggressive proceeding.

That the Times is a popular and Cabbalistic paper, much by surprise, they did not the public.

I am informed that the despatches from our Minister do not allude to the subject, but I understand that it has engaged the attention of our Government.

What has been done, however, must be left to the judgment of the public.

One of the most offensive districts against the United States in connection with this avowedly hostile naval expedition, was published in the Morning Post, a tender upon Lord Palmerston.

Appearing in that quarter, it has the sanction of a somewhat popular journal, and is likely to be repeated by our Government.

It is the same as if the Washington Union

should, in a leading article, announce that the Government was informed that expeditions were fitting out in the Hebrides for a descent upon the British Isles.

We know that the project was not supported by the Times of an apprehended descent from the United States upon Ireland, is an impudent invention.

No such idea ever crossed the mind of a British statesman or editor, except as an excuse for their hostile and aggressive proceeding.

That the Times is a popular and Cabbalistic paper, much by surprise, they did not the public.

I am informed that the despatches from our Minister do not allude to the subject, but I understand that it has engaged the attention of our Government.

What has been done, however, must be left to the judgment of the public.

One of the most offensive districts against the United States in connection with this avowedly hostile naval expedition, was published in the Morning Post, a tender upon Lord Palmerston.

Appearing in that quarter, it has the sanction of a somewhat popular journal, and is likely to be repeated by our Government.

It is the same as if the Washington Union

should, in a leading article, announce that the Government was informed that expeditions were fitting out in the Hebrides for a descent upon the British Isles.

We know that the project was not supported by the Times of an apprehended descent from the United States upon Ireland, is an impudent invention.

No such idea ever crossed the mind of a British statesman or editor, except as an excuse for their hostile and aggressive proceeding.

That the Times is a popular and Cabbalistic paper, much by surprise, they did not the public.

I am informed that the despatches from our Minister do not allude to the subject, but I understand that it has engaged the attention of our Government.

What has been done, however, must be left to the judgment of the public.

One of the most offensive districts against the United States in connection with this avowedly hostile naval expedition, was published in the Morning Post, a tender upon Lord Palmerston.

Appearing in that quarter, it has the sanction of a somewhat popular journal, and is likely to be repeated by our Government.

It is the same as if the Washington Union

should, in a leading article, announce that the Government was informed that expeditions were fitting out in the Hebrides for a descent upon the British Isles.

We know that the project was not supported by the Times of an apprehended descent from the United States upon Ireland, is an impudent invention.

No such idea ever crossed the mind of a British statesman or editor, except as an excuse for their hostile and aggressive proceeding.

That the Times is a popular and Cabbalistic paper, much by surprise, they did not the public.

I am informed that the despatches from our Minister do not allude to the subject, but I understand that it has engaged the attention of our Government.

What has been done, however, must be left to the judgment of the public.

One of the most offensive districts against the United States in connection with this avowedly hostile naval expedition, was published in the Morning Post, a tender upon Lord Palmerston.

Appearing in that quarter, it has the sanction of a somewhat popular journal, and is likely to be repeated by our Government.

It is the same as if the Washington Union

should, in a leading article, announce that the Government was informed that expeditions were fitting out in the Hebrides for a descent upon the British Isles.

We know that the project was not supported by the Times of an apprehended descent from the United States upon Ireland, is an impudent invention.

No such idea ever crossed the mind of a British statesman or editor, except as an excuse for their hostile and aggressive proceeding.

That the Times is a popular and Cabbalistic paper, much by surprise, they did not the public.

I am informed that the despatches from our Minister do not allude to the subject, but I understand that it has engaged the attention of our Government.

What has been done, however, must be left to the judgment of the public.

One of the most offensive districts against the United States in connection with this avowedly hostile naval expedition, was published in the Morning Post, a tender upon Lord Palmerston.

Appearing in that quarter, it has the sanction of a somewhat popular journal, and is likely to be repeated by our Government.

It is the same as if the Washington Union

should, in a leading article, announce that the Government was informed that expeditions were fitting out in the Hebrides for a descent upon the British Isles.

We know that the project was not supported by the Times of an apprehended descent from the United States upon Ireland, is an impudent invention.

No such idea ever crossed the mind of a British statesman or editor, except as an excuse for their hostile and aggressive proceeding.

That the Times is a popular and Cabbalistic paper, much by surprise, they did not the public.

I am informed that the despatches from our Minister do not allude to the subject, but I understand that it has engaged the attention of our Government.

What has been done, however, must be left to the judgment of the public.

One of the most offensive districts against the United States in connection with this avowedly hostile naval expedition, was published in the Morning Post, a tender upon Lord Palmerston.

Appearing in that quarter, it has the sanction of a somewhat popular journal, and is likely to be repeated by our Government.

It is the same as if the Washington Union

should, in a leading article, announce that the Government was informed that expeditions were fitting out in the Hebrides for a descent upon the British Isles.

We know that the project was not supported by the Times of an apprehended descent from the United States upon Ireland, is an impudent invention.

No such idea ever crossed the mind of a British statesman or editor, except as an excuse for their hostile and aggressive proceeding.

That the Times is a popular and Cabbalistic paper, much by surprise, they did not the public.

I am informed that the despatches from our Minister do not allude to the subject, but I understand that it has engaged the attention of our Government.

What has been done, however, must be left to the judgment of the public.

One of the most offensive districts against the United States in connection with this avowedly hostile naval expedition, was published in the Morning Post, a tender upon Lord Palmerston.

Appearing in that quarter, it has the sanction of a somewhat popular journal, and is likely to be repeated by our Government.

It is the same as if the Washington Union

should, in a leading article, announce that the Government was informed that expeditions were fitting out in the Hebrides for a descent upon the British Isles.

We know that the project was not supported by the Times of an apprehended descent from the United States upon Ireland, is an impudent invention.

No such idea ever crossed the mind of a British statesman or editor, except as an excuse for their hostile and aggressive proceeding.

That the Times is a popular and Cabbalistic paper, much by surprise, they did not the public.

I am informed that the despatches from our Minister do not allude to the subject, but I understand that it has engaged the attention of our Government.

What has been done, however, must be left to the judgment of the public.

One of the most offensive districts against the United States in connection with this avowedly hostile naval expedition, was published in the Morning Post, a tender upon Lord Palmerston.

Appearing in that quarter, it has the sanction of a somewhat popular journal, and is likely to be repeated by our Government.

It is the same as if the Washington Union

should, in a leading article, announce that the Government was informed that expeditions were fitting out in the Hebrides for a descent upon the British Isles.

We know that the project was not supported by the Times of an apprehended descent from the United States upon Ireland, is an impudent invention.

No such idea ever crossed the mind of a British statesman or editor, except as an excuse for their hostile and aggressive proceeding.

That the Times is a popular and Cabbalistic paper, much by surprise, they did not the public.

I am informed that the despatches from our Minister do not allude to the subject, but I understand that it has engaged the attention of our Government.

What has been done, however, must be left to the judgment of the public.

One of the most offensive districts against the United States in connection with this avowedly hostile naval expedition, was published in the Morning Post, a tender upon Lord Palmerston.

Appearing in that quarter, it has the sanction of a somewhat popular journal, and is likely to be repeated by our Government.

It is the same as if the Washington Union

should, in a leading article, announce that the Government was informed that expeditions were fitting out in the Hebrides for a descent upon the British Isles.

We know that the project was not supported by the Times of an apprehended descent from the United States upon Ireland, is an impudent invention.

No such idea ever crossed the mind of a British statesman or editor, except as an excuse for their hostile and aggressive proceeding.

That the Times is a popular and Cabbalistic paper, much by surprise, they did not the public.

I am informed that the despatches from our Minister do not allude to the subject, but I understand that it has engaged the attention of our Government.

What has been done, however, must be left to the judgment of the public.

One of the most offensive districts against the United States in connection with this avowedly hostile naval expedition, was published in the Morning Post, a tender upon Lord Palmerston.

Appearing in that quarter, it has the sanction of a somewhat popular journal, and is likely to be repeated by our Government.

It is the same as if the Washington Union

should, in a leading article, announce that the Government was informed that expeditions were fitting out in the Hebrides for a descent upon the British Isles.

We know that the project was not supported by the Times of an apprehended descent from the United States upon Ireland, is an impudent invention.

No such idea ever crossed the mind of a British statesman or editor, except as an excuse for their hostile and aggressive proceeding.

That the Times is a popular and Cabbalistic paper, much by surprise, they did not the public.

I am informed that the despatches from our Minister do not allude to the subject, but I understand that it has engaged the attention of our Government.

What has been done, however, must be left to the judgment of the public.

One of the most offensive districts against the United States in connection with this avowedly hostile naval expedition, was published in the Morning Post, a tender upon Lord Palmerston.

Appearing in that quarter, it has the sanction of a somewhat popular journal, and is likely to be repeated by our Government.

It is the same as if the Washington Union

should, in a leading article, announce that the Government was informed that expeditions were fitting out in the Hebrides for a descent upon the British Isles.

We know that the project was not supported by the Times of an apprehended descent from the United States upon Ireland, is an impudent invention.

No such idea ever crossed the mind of a British statesman or editor, except as an excuse for their hostile and aggressive proceeding.

That the Times is a popular and Cabbalistic paper, much by surprise, they did not the public.

I am informed that the despatches from our Minister do not allude to the subject, but I understand that it has engaged the attention of our Government.

What has been done, however, must be left to the judgment of the public.

One of the most offensive districts against the United States in connection with this avowedly hostile naval expedition, was published in the Morning Post, a tender upon Lord Palmerston.

Appearing in that quarter, it has the sanction of a somewhat popular journal, and is likely to be repeated by our Government.

It is the same as if the Washington Union

should, in a leading article, announce that the Government was informed that expeditions were fitting out in the Hebrides for a descent upon the British Isles.

We know that the project was not supported by the Times of an apprehended descent from the United States upon Ireland, is an impudent invention.

No such idea ever crossed the mind of a British statesman or editor, except as an excuse for their hostile and aggressive proceeding.

That the Times is a popular and Cabbalistic paper, much by surprise, they did not the public.

I am informed that the despatches from our Minister do not allude to the subject, but I understand that it has engaged the attention of our Government.

What has been done, however, must be left to the judgment of the public.

One of the most offensive districts against the United States in connection with this avowedly hostile naval expedition, was published in the Morning Post, a tender upon Lord Palmerston.

Appearing in that quarter, it has the sanction of a somewhat popular journal, and is likely to be repeated by our Government.

It is the same as if the Washington Union

should, in a leading article, announce that the Government was informed that expeditions were fitting out in the Hebrides for a descent upon the British Isles.

We know that the project was not supported by the Times of an apprehended descent from the United States upon Ireland, is an impudent invention.

No such idea ever crossed the mind of a British statesman or editor, except as an excuse for their hostile and aggressive proceeding.

That the Times is a popular and Cabbalistic paper, much by surprise, they did not the public.

I am informed that the despatches from our Minister do not allude to the subject, but I understand that it has engaged the attention of our Government.

What has been done, however, must be left to the judgment of the public.

One of the most offensive districts against the United States in connection with this avowedly hostile naval expedition, was published in the Morning Post, a tender upon Lord Palmerston.

Appearing in that quarter, it has the sanction of a somewhat popular journal, and is likely to be repeated by our Government.

For the Hastings Chronicle.

Mr. Editor.—We give the New York Herald as well as the Chronicle full credit for so magnificently reporting the recent trial of the Princess Alice. But we think the more plain and simple way would have been to consider where it came from, and then to let the public know that it came from the Herald. This fellow, so accustomed to look on with human impudence as a representative of woman's rights, has been compelled to confess his ignorance and party when he sees it. He was intended for a long, but being too gaunt ever to become popular, he left just what he is, a bold, impudent brat.

W. W. T.

The pork trade is at present attracting no inconsiderable attention, and present prospects certainly favor the assumption of a very large falling off in the hog crop. It has been supposed that the average weight of hogs was about 200 pounds, and that the remaining statistics are to the contrary, high prices would eventually call out a supply sufficient in all respects to sustain the present trade.

The packing season is already opened. High prices are freely offered, the old pork is exhausted, now is in brisk demand at high figures, and yet packers complain of a want of supplies and especially of hams. The market is extremely sensitive to the want of meat and bacon, and are constantly making for the East, and drivers are busy buying up in all parts of the country every similitude of a hog without reference to age or condition. It may be that for once figures are right, and the pork is in short supply.

—Chicago Democrat.

**THE CIRCUS RIOT AT TORONTO.**—The trial of the persons charged on Thursday, before the Lord Chief Justice, The Hon. J. H. Cameron, Crown Counsel, opened the case, and examined a great many witnesses, chiefly police constables. His Worship the Mayor also gave evidence. The depositions were to the effect that the riot was a disgraceful character. His Lordship advised it to his opinion that the police on that occasion acted with much timidity, and that they had done their duty properly the riot would have been suppressed without the use of force.

The accused were twelve in number, mostly eight of whom were placed at the trial. The evidence adduced, however, did not sustain the charge against any of the accused, except Alvi, who was accordingly convicted. He has been held in custody until his lordship is prepared to pass sentence on him. The remaining prisoners were acquitted.—*Leader.*

**CASES.**—Fare for Passengers to Europe.—A number of the principal ship owners in New York have entered into an agreement, adopting a very cheap rate of fare for passengers to Europe, and the following are the rates adopted:—A second cabin \$18 for adults and for children under twelve years; in average, \$10 for adults and \$5 for children in each cabin. The passage will be made in three years, and the average cost of passage will be \$18 for adults and \$5 for children.

It is further agreed that the maximum rate of baggage to be allowed for passengers will be \$10 for adults and \$5 for children.

The cost of passage will be \$10 for adults and \$5 for children.

—*Commercial Advertiser.*

—*Advertiser.*

We believe that Mr. Stoddard, alias Mother Partridge, of the Boston Post, is the author of the following selected portion:

FAIRWELL TO THE CUSTERS.

Van, hammar, but not a van.

That's it time to depart you.

Sun when clear, you are to death.

No that any body, sing the

smallest note, of all

you. For an infant not more

you old cool neck to your hearts.

But you are to be the intentions

which are innumerable hours of the

Night. You get regular, but you

are a good deal of the

rest. Your last

good-bye.

Your got him to you to see.

You are to be a good boy.

God bless you, and may you

live a long and happy life.

The last and dieing stage

was to want to be high.

Would close.

What did you do?

The rain here is full

To the ground and the air here is full

I've got up six & go to bed with the

Father & mother & the rest of the

family.

To my pains, but it is no use taking

The first pain is the last.

But the last is the most

Yours. You stand agains

Father & mother, as the

last. Skewer, over reaver,

Good boy farewell!

Another of the sermons.

See—Let me tell you an incident.

I know it to be true, for it occurred here in

Zanesville. Judge A—, the individual

mentioned, is our present Mayor of Zanes-

ville, and Paul Jones, the old negro

preacher, is even now his son.

Yours. You stand agains

Father & mother, as the

last. Skewer, over reaver,

Good boy farewell!

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he, "do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

position, and then there by him:

"Am dear friends and brethren," said he,

"do soul de brack man is in de

de sight ob de Lord as do soul ob de

white man. Now, you all see Judge

is present, and was brought in by the speak-

er by the side of the pulpit, in his

# Hastings

A POLITICAL, COMMERCIAL, AND LITERARY JOURNAL.

VOL. XIV.

BELLEVILLE, CANADA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1855.



# Chronicle.

NO. 14.

The "HASTINGS CHRONICLE,"  
A Commercial, Agricultural, Political and Literary  
Weekly Journal, is published every THURS-  
DAY, Price, \$1.00, Volumes 1-13, \$10.00.  
Trans-—To Mills, Factories, &c., 10c.  
Post paid until the end of the year, 12c. 6d.  
Not delivered by Carrier, 2s. 6d. extra will be  
charged.

RAVENS OF ADVENTURE, six lines and words.

2s. 6d. Extra 7 1/2d. Extra for the first

and 10d. each subsequent insertion. Ten lines

and upwards, 4d. per line for the first, and 1d.

line each subsequent insertion.

ADVERTISEMENTS, 10c. per line and words.

2s. 6d. Extra 7 1/2d. Extra for the first

and 10d. each subsequent insertion. Ten lines

and upwards, 4d. per line for the first, and 1d.

line each subsequent insertion.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

D. E. BURDETTE, M. B.  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,  
GRADUATE of the University of TRINITY  
COLLEGE, in the Medical Department,  
Office in McDonald's Buildings,  
over H. & S. Store, Front St., Belleville,  
Advises to the poor, Gratis. 10

F. W. ALPORT,  
Commission Merchant, Produce Broker,  
AND GENERAL AGENT.

Dr. COLEMAN's New Building, Front St.,  
Belleville. REFERENCES.

R. FINDLAY Esq., Agent Commercial Bank, M.  
D. G. GALT, Agent Bank of Montreal,  
E. GOLDEN Esq., Agent Bank of Upper Canada,  
Messrs. E. W. HOLTON & Co., and  
" GOODRICH & CO. & ELLIOTT," 69 Pearl  
Street, New York.

Messrs. GILLETT & Co., Quebec.  
A. D. SHAW, Kingston.  
WAUGH & SIAN, Oswego.

INSURANCE.

THE MONTREAL FIRE, Life and Insurance  
Company, Capital \$100,000.

COLONIAL LIFE Assurance Company, Capital  
\$250,000. Sig. (For Life only.)

THE UNDERWRITER insures to insure Fire, Life,  
and Marine risks in the above Companies,  
upon very moderate rates.

Belleville, June 12, 1855.

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON  
LIFE Insurance Company, Capital \$2,000,  
000 Sterling.

THE MONARCH FIRE and Life Insurance Company,  
Head Office for Canada at Mon-  
treal, 235 Yonge Street.

THE CANADA WEST FARMERS' MUTUAL INSUR-  
ANCE COMPANY of Hamilton, Ontario,  
has its principal office in the above Com-  
panies to the underwritten Agent, will meet with  
prompt attention.

Address R. PALMER,  
Thurso or Belleville.

Insurance.

THE "CROWN LIFE & FIRE OFFICE,"  
of London, England, with a Board of Di-  
rectors, and Head Office at Kingston, C.  
Y., will be ready to receive all classes of re-  
sible business of the Company.

ROBERT NEWBURY,  
Agent for Belleville and vicinity.

MONARCH.

Fire and Life Assurance Company of London,  
Capital \$200,000. Assured \$200,  
000. JAMES BOOTH, Agent.

Office, Front Street, at J. Booth & Son's Cloth-  
ing Store.

R. P. JELLIETT,  
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in Chancery,  
NOTARY PUBLIC, and Correspondent.—Front  
Street, Belleville. 48

WALTER FINDLAY,  
LAW ATTORNEY, NOTARY PUBLIC, &  
COUNSELOR, DIVISION COURT Business  
privately handled at the Trial Court and  
Division Court, Victoria Buildings, next to that lately oc-  
cupied by John H. Farley Esq.

Belleville, August 8th, 1855.

50

DR. S. WILLSON,  
Physician, Surgeon, and Attoucheur,  
Residence—ROSLIN.

A. H. DONGAL,  
BRESTER and ATTOWAY, Solicitor for Chancery,  
and General Land Agent. Office in McDon-  
ald's Buildings, Front Street, Belleville. 26

CHARLES L. COLEMAN,  
BARRISTER and ATTORNEY AT LAW, Solicitor in  
Chancery, Conveyancers, Notary Public, &  
Office in the Victoria Buildings, under the Chronicle  
Office.

GILLESPIE & CO.,  
WHOLESALE Grocers and Commission Mar-  
kers, 1, Hastings—Commercial Buildings,  
No. 1, Belleville. 41

J. H. GERMAN,

D'FAILER in Ladies' and Gentleman's Boards,

W. SNOOK and INDIA RUBBENS, at the Fene-  
nery Book and Shoe Store, Front St., Belleville.

22

ROBERT S. FERRY,  
SHIPPING FORWARDER and Commission Mar-  
ker, Merchant of LUMBER and PRODUCE, OS-  
WEGO, N. Y. Dealer in Salt, Plaster, Water  
Line, Coal, &c. &c. Advances made  
Lumber, Flour, &c. 307

50

JAMES GREEN,  
UNDERTAKER, large Repository to acquaint  
his friends and the public, that he is prepared to  
furnish COFFINS, &c. of every description, together  
with all BEAVERS, to suit every taste. He affirms himself  
to be well known and particularly for the  
last 15 years in the business, to obtain a  
satisfaction of the passage, which is now en-  
joyed. Belleville, 23rd May, 1855.

399

M. E. L. E. LENT,

DEALERS in American and Italian MARBLE,  
Opposite the Legion Hall, Belleville, C. W.

Also for Bed Stoves, Tomb Tables, Mon-  
umental Furniture, Tops, &c., punctually es-  
tended to.

60

NORTH AMERICAN HOTEL,  
Colours, Division St., near the Wharf.

W. Y. CHURCH, Proprietor.

THE STEAMER

"TRENTON,"

(FOR THE REMAINDER OF THE SEASON.)

WILL make REGULAR WEEKLY  
TRIPS

FROM MONTREAL

HEAD OF THE BAY OF QUINTE,  
CALLING AT ALL THE POSTS.

UPWARDS:

Leave MONTRAL on Monday afternoons,  
Arrive in BELLEVILLE on Wednesday morn-  
ing, and arrive at MONTREAL on Sat-  
urday Mornings.

For FREDERICKSBURG, on Board,

CAPT. G. H. CRYSLER, on Board,

P. F. MCQUAIG & CO., Kingston.

BILLA FLINT, Belleville.

September 25, 1855.

## New Establishment

READY MADE CLOTHING

AT—

BELLEVILLE.

THE undersigned beg leave to inform  
the public that they have opened a  
READY MADE CLOTHING WARE-  
HOUSE, in No. 4, Hamble's Block,  
Bridge Street, where they would be happy  
to exhibit to this community one of the best  
stocks of Ready Made Clothing ever  
offered in Canada West. The Stock was  
got up by themselves, mainly for the Retail  
Trade, and in the latest Styles,  
and will be sold for CASH ONLY.

Very Low Prices.

The Stock consists of Over-casts of all  
kinds, Frock, Sack, and Business Costs,  
Vests, Coats, Linings, Trousers, Stock-  
ings, Cravats, &c. &c.

In short everything pertaining to a  
GENTLEMAN'S WARDROBE.

THE sale of the remainder of wild beasts  
of the American Menagerie at the Hippo-  
drome on Monday, was not so well at-  
tended as was expected. The attendance was  
doubtless affected somewhat by what  
was by the advertised requirement of one  
shilling for admittance; and bidayers were  
probably in some fear that a purchase  
would place them in the unenviable position  
of the indigent gentleman who bought an elephant and had no place, with  
the exception of a small carpeted back  
parlour, to keep it in.

When the hour arrived at which the sale  
was advertised to commence, Mr. A. C.  
Tuttle, the auctioneer, proceeded to  
dispose of the animals in as cool and every  
business-like as if we were knocking  
down second-hand furniture, or retired  
onments. The first animal offered  
for sale was a camel, and it was the  
only one living in America; and if the  
price at which he was sold is a fair  
criterion by which to judge of the general  
estimation in which these Polar gentle-  
men are held, it is not probable that  
any one will be ever again so dear  
as ice, to become a wandering exile in  
America, for many years to come. Mr.  
E. M. Shields was the only bidder pre-  
sent who evinced anything approaching to an  
adequate appreciation of the value of his  
polar bear, and he only living in America;  
and he was not to be beaten for the sum  
of \$175.00 a day, and all for a camel, who  
himself disposed of with as little apparent  
concern as had hardened criminals exhibit-  
ing a sentence that they were hanged by  
the neck. His only expression was that  
he had a feverish desire for a nice clean  
piece of ice.

He probably went at a still lower price.

A Bengal tiger with a royal title, fierce  
expression of countenance, huge jaws, and  
a powerful inclination to lie down, was  
sold to Mr. Henry Butler for \$225.

The next lot was two performing lions  
and a lioness with their den. The lions  
were well trained, wagged their tails  
and roared majestically, were knocked  
down, in their den, to their den, by Mr. H. Butler,  
for the insignificant sum of \$275. The  
same gentlemen purchased a zebra, a  
beautiful little leopard, and a cage, for  
\$250.

The greatest odds ever offered to the  
race of fierce kings was now given by a  
Republican Auctioneer. He put lion and  
lycena up for sale together. His majes-  
ty was sorely mortified—so much so  
that he lost his hair at the bare thought. Both  
were sold for \$100.00 a day, and all for a  
cage cost when new. Mr. E. G. Jackson  
purchased a llama, a grizzly bear and  
cage, for \$150. The bear did not seem  
to mind it much, but the llama was so in-  
dignant at the small price, and the proposi-  
tion to sell it for so little, that it would not  
have been a difficult task to contain it  
in a cage, but the animal was so large and  
strong, that it would have been a difficult  
task to get it into a cage. The bear was  
evidently a female, and it was the  
first time it had been exposed to the  
public, and it was a great success.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.

The next lot was a polar bear.

He probably went at a still lower price.

He was sold for \$175.00 a day, and all for a  
polar bear.



rounding themselves with comforts; secondly, in purchasing fresh farms (wild land) for their children or themselves, which they have retained the primitive method of acquiring, and paying the full dollar necessary funds, and retaining it in their own possession, until the time of sale, and the payment of the debts. This method is, however, generally, not until lately exhibited any evil effects, but during the last few years, it has been made, small in amount, and limited in number. But during the past two years, high prices have enabled the farmers to realize a large amount. As therefore, their gains have been expended in the purchase of wild land, and the price of land has increased, so that the farmer, on the day the farmers about Toronto receive in cash £2,000 for what they bring to market; this sum with a reasonable profit, will not be sufficient for circulation; so on day by day until the rents have accumulated enough to make the purchase of land, and the payment of the debts, a heavy burden.

Payments are generally made by instalments; and when the debts are paid, the farmer has the temptation to secure "a little" of land is irresistible.

Not only is a very large sum of money thus withdrawn from circulation, but tens of thousands of commercial transactions, and tens of thousands of rent bills for payments which the farmer cannot pay, and the farmer, in this case, will be compelled the bushel would it make, if possible, for them to meet. It is easy to see how this would affect the market, and it would affect the stockmen throughout the country, and ultimately upon the merchants."

**THE STEAMER "MORA."**—This passenger, while on her way from Oswego a week ago, was captured by a large gale, and driven on shore near the west end of Amherst Island, while endeavoring to make her way through the "upper Gap." It was about 4 o'clock a.m. when the accident happened. The darkness and snow-storm, although the boat was slowly moving her way, prevented the crew from seeing the rocks, and their danger until the boat was permanently stranded. We understand that she has no less than 250 tons of freight on board, chiefly merchandise. We have not as yet learned the name of the vessel, and the name of the master, but it is known that she was bound for the port of French, to be delivered at the undermentioned places. Tenders will be received until the 10th day of December next.

**KINGSTON MILLERS.**—William Aitken, Jr., Belleville, Nov. 29th, 1855.

#### TENDERS

WILL be received by the undersigned until the 5th day of December, for 50 Cards of Stone, consisting of Boulders, Hardwoods, or Flint, to be delivered in the jail yard.

**THOS. WILLS,**  
County Clerk,  
Belleville, Nov. 26th, 1855.

**MEETING OF COUNTY COUNCIL**

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

NOTICE is hereby given, that the County Council of the County of Hastings, will meet for the transaction of business on Tuesday, the 28th day of December.

**THOS. WILLS,**  
County Clerk,  
Belleville, Nov. 27th, 1855.

#### NOTICE.

The Book, Accounts and Notes of JOHN S. TURNBULL, having been assigned to me, I do hereby call upon all those indebted to him to settle immediately and pay same.

**CHAS. E. TURNBULL,**  
Attorneys,  
Belleville, Nov. 22nd, 1855.

**TO BE LET ON LEASE,**

A HOUSE in Seymour, suitable for a respectable Family (an excellent Business stand), at present occupied by Wm. Hilton Esq., Merchant. Also, if required, the Farm attached. Apply to R. E. R. Chay, Esq., Sydenham, Northumberland, or to Richl. Hill, Esq., Lake Side, Maryburgh, P. Edward Co.

**AUCTION SALE OF**  
**HORSES, WAGONS,**  
**CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, SLEIGHES,**  
**AND CARRIERS, ETC., ETC.,**  
**Belleville, &c., &c.,**  
on the 10th of H. Fanning, on SATURDAY, the 8th of Decr.

The Subscribers will sell by auction the whole of his Livestock Establishment, consisting of

11 Horses, 5 Spring Carriages, 3 Lumber Wagons, 5 Custers, 2 Pleasure Sleighes, 2 Lumber Sleighes, 1 Single Sleigh, 10 Buggies, 10 Wagons, 10 Harnes, 30 Buffalo Robes, 11 Horse Blankets, 15 Stable Blankets,

The whole of the stock is in the best of order, and well worthy the attention of intending purchasers.

**TERMS.—** Under £15, cash; from £15 to 25, three months; £25 to £50, six months; £50, nine months' credit, by furnishing approved endorser, with interest.

**H. FANNING,**  
M. NULTY, Auctioneers,  
Belleville, Nov. 28, 1855.

**NEW**

**BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY,**  
OPPOSITE THE RAILROAD HOUSE,  
FRONT STREET, BELLEVILLE.

**JAMES FLEMING,**

BEGS to inform the public that he has opened a BAKERY and CONFECTIONERY, which has been erected Ornate, & necessary for the carrying on of the Baking and Confectionery business. He will therefore always keep on hand a good supply of Bread, Crackers, and Cakes of all kinds, together with a general assortment of Confectionery, which will be sold either by the whole or at a reasonable rate as at any Shop in Canada.

Bread delivered at private residences when required.

Belleville, Nov. 21st, 1855.

**ROAD NOTICE.**

AN adjourned Meeting of the Director and Stockholders of the Sidney and Rawdon, and Victoria Plank Road Companies will be held at Papineau's Hotel, Belleville, on Saturday next, December 1st, at 2 o'clock P.M., when a full attendence is requested.

The Stockholders of the Canniff's Mills Joint Stock Plank Road Company are requested to meet at the same time and place.

By Order,  
**M. S. WASHBURN, Secy.**  
Thurlo, Nov. 27, 1855.

**GEORGE W. LESTER,**  
Accountant, General Land Agent and Broker,

WILL give prompt attention to and ofer the 1st prox, to the Posing of Books, adjusting arrears, and settling of claims in the Superior Court, for which purpose he will stand at each sitting of said Court throughout the County, and will observe the strictest punctuality in paying over monies so collected. Will also act as Broker in the sale of Products, Stocks or other Securities.

Office on Firebrace Street, next door to the New Commercial Bank.

Belleville, Nov. 28th, 1855.

**REFERRENCES.**

Mrs. Rose & Bell, E. M. Murney, Esq., M.P., B. F. Davis, Esq., W. P. Wilson, Esq., G. G. Gilmore, Esq., J. C. G. Le Vesconte, Esq., M. D. W. H. H. Esq., M. D. C. G. Macdonald, Esq., James Glass, Esq.,

**Almanacs for 1856.**

McAULEY'S Grand Almanac, Miller's, Young's, & Co.'s Farmers' Almanac, The Brockville Almanac for 1856, Know Nutting Almanac, (Illustrated), For Sale by JAS. HARRISON.

**WILSON'S SALON,**  
Bakery, Confectionery, &c., Front St., Date Cakes, &c., where all kinds of Biscuits, Cakes, & Confectionery are furnished on order on the shortest notice. Purchasers by the quantity furnished with credit, and will be paid for all kinds of articles. A Bill of Fare will be found upon the table, and no pains will be spared to give satisfaction.

JOHN M. WARD,

Belleville, Nov. 20, 1855.

**BOARDING SALOON.**

THE undersigned begs to announce that he has opened a Saloon and Eating House in the upper part of the brick building opposite Mr. Blacklock's Grocery, and directly over Mr. J. E. Booth's Clothing Store, where the public can be accommodated at all hours, and at a reasonable price, for all kinds of articles.

A Bill of Fare will be found upon the table, and no pains will be spared to give satisfaction.

Mrs. R. R. REED,

Belleville, Nov. 20, 1855.

**J. E. LENT,**

Belleville, Nov. 14, 1855.

**NOTICE.**

ALL persons to whom the estate of the late Mr. D. L. Lenth, of this city, was dissolved on the 1st Oct., All debts due to and by the late firm, will be settled by J. E. Lent, who is duly authorized to that effect.

MARCUS LENT,

J. E. LENT,

Belleville, Nov. 14, 1855.

**NOTICE.**

THE undersigned begs to announce that he has opened a Saloon and Eating

House in the upper part of the brick building opposite Mr. Blacklock's Grocery, and directly over Mr. J. E. Booth's Clothing Store, where the public can be accommodated at all hours, and at a reasonable price.

A Bill of Fare

will be found upon the table, and no pains will be spared to give satisfaction.

Mrs. R. R. REED,

Belleville, Nov. 20, 1855.

**J. E. LENT,**

Belleville, Nov. 13, 1855.

**NOTICE.**

THE undersigned begs to announce that he has opened a Saloon and Eating

House in the upper part of the brick building opposite Mr. Blacklock's Grocery, and directly over Mr. J. E. Booth's Clothing Store, where the public can be accommodated at all hours, and at a reasonable price.

A Bill of Fare

will be found upon the table, and no pains will be spared to give satisfaction.

Mrs. R. R. REED,

Belleville, Nov. 20, 1855.

**J. E. LENT,**

Belleville, Nov. 13, 1855.

**NOTICE.**

THE undersigned begs to announce that he has opened a Saloon and Eating

House in the upper part of the brick building opposite Mr. Blacklock's Grocery, and directly over Mr. J. E. Booth's Clothing Store, where the public can be accommodated at all hours, and at a reasonable price.

A Bill of Fare

will be found upon the table, and no pains will be spared to give satisfaction.

Mrs. R. R. REED,

Belleville, Nov. 20, 1855.

**J. E. LENT,**

Belleville, Nov. 13, 1855.

**NOTICE.**

THE undersigned begs to announce that he has opened a Saloon and Eating

House in the upper part of the brick building opposite Mr. Blacklock's Grocery, and directly over Mr. J. E. Booth's Clothing Store, where the public can be accommodated at all hours, and at a reasonable price.

A Bill of Fare

will be found upon the table, and no pains will be spared to give satisfaction.

Mrs. R. R. REED,

Belleville, Nov. 20, 1855.

**J. E. LENT,**

Belleville, Nov. 13, 1855.

**NOTICE.**

THE undersigned begs to announce that he has opened a Saloon and Eating

House in the upper part of the brick building opposite Mr. Blacklock's Grocery, and directly over Mr. J. E. Booth's Clothing Store, where the public can be accommodated at all hours, and at a reasonable price.

A Bill of Fare

will be found upon the table, and no pains will be spared to give satisfaction.

Mrs. R. R. REED,

Belleville, Nov. 20, 1855.

**J. E. LENT,**

Belleville, Nov. 13, 1855.

**NOTICE.**

THE undersigned begs to announce that he has opened a Saloon and Eating

House in the upper part of the brick building opposite Mr. Blacklock's Grocery, and directly over Mr. J. E. Booth's Clothing Store, where the public can be accommodated at all hours, and at a reasonable price.

A Bill of Fare

will be found upon the table, and no pains will be spared to give satisfaction.

Mrs. R. R. REED,

Belleville, Nov. 20, 1855.

**J. E. LENT,**

Belleville, Nov. 13, 1855.

**NOTICE.**

THE undersigned begs to announce that he has opened a Saloon and Eating

House in the upper part of the brick building opposite Mr. Blacklock's Grocery, and directly over Mr. J. E. Booth's Clothing Store, where the public can be accommodated at all hours, and at a reasonable price.

A Bill of Fare

will be found upon the table, and no pains will be spared to give satisfaction.

Mrs. R. R. REED,

Belleville, Nov. 20, 1855.

**J. E. LENT,**

Belleville, Nov. 13, 1855.

**NOTICE.**

THE undersigned begs to announce that he has opened a Saloon and Eating

House in the upper part of the brick building opposite Mr. Blacklock's Grocery, and directly over Mr. J. E. Booth's Clothing Store, where the public can be accommodated at all hours, and at a reasonable price.

A Bill of Fare

will be found upon the table, and no pains will be spared to give satisfaction.

Mrs. R. R. REED,

Belleville, Nov. 20, 1855.

**J. E. LENT,**

Belleville, Nov. 13, 1855.

**NOTICE.**

THE undersigned begs to announce that he has opened a Saloon and Eating

House in the upper part of the brick building opposite Mr. Blacklock's Grocery, and directly over Mr. J. E. Booth's Clothing Store, where the public can be accommodated at all hours, and at a reasonable price.

A Bill of Fare

will be found upon the table, and no pains will be spared to give satisfaction.

Mrs. R. R. REED,

Belleville, Nov. 20, 1855.

**J. E. LENT,**

Belleville, Nov. 13, 1855.

**NOTICE.**

THE undersigned begs to announce that he has opened a Saloon and Eating

House in the upper part of the brick building opposite Mr. Blacklock's Grocery, and directly over Mr. J. E. Booth's Clothing Store, where the public can be accommodated at all hours, and at a reasonable price.

A Bill of Fare

will be found upon the table, and no pains will be spared to give satisfaction.

Mrs. R. R. REED,

Belleville, Nov. 20, 1855.

**J. E. LENT,**

Belleville, Nov. 13, 1855.

**NOTICE.**

THE undersigned begs to announce that he has opened a Saloon and Eating

House in the upper part of the brick building opposite Mr. Blacklock's Grocery, and directly over Mr. J. E. Booth's Clothing Store, where the public can be accommodated at all hours, and at a reasonable price.

A Bill of Fare

will be found upon the table, and no pains will be spared to give satisfaction.

Mrs. R. R. REED,

Belleville, Nov. 20, 1855.

**J. E. LENT,**

Belleville, Nov. 13, 1855.

**NOTICE.**

THE undersigned begs to announce that he has opened a Saloon and Eating

House in the upper part of the brick building opposite Mr. Blacklock's Grocery, and directly over Mr. J. E. Booth's Clothing Store, where the public can be accommodated at all hours, and at a reasonable price.

A Bill of Fare

will be found upon the table, and no pains will be spared to give satisfaction.

Mrs. R. R. REED,

Belleville, Nov. 20, 1855.

**J. E. LENT,**

Belleville, Nov. 13, 1855.

**NOTICE.**

THE undersigned begs to announce that he has opened a Saloon and Eating

House in the upper part of the brick building opposite Mr. Blacklock's Grocery, and directly over Mr. J. E. Booth's Clothing Store, where the public can be accommodated at all hours, and at a reasonable price.

A Bill of Fare

will be found upon the table, and no pains will be spared to give satisfaction.

Mrs. R. R. REED,

Belleville, Nov. 20, 1855.

**J. E. LENT,**

Belleville, Nov. 13, 1855.

**NOTICE.**

THE undersigned begs to announce that he has opened a Saloon and Eating

House in the upper part of the brick building opposite Mr. Blacklock's Grocery, and directly over Mr. J. E. Booth's Clothing Store, where the public can be accommodated at all hours, and at a reasonable price.

A Bill of Fare

will be found upon the table, and no pains will be spared to give satisfaction.

Mrs. R. R. REED,

Belleville, Nov. 20, 1855.

**J. E. LENT,**

Belleville, Nov. 13, 1855.

**NOTICE.**

THE undersigned begs to announce that he has opened a Saloon and Eating

House in the upper part of the brick building opposite Mr. Blacklock's Grocery, and directly over Mr. J. E. Booth's Clothing Store, where the public can be accommodated at all hours, and at a reasonable price.

A Bill of Fare

will be found upon the table, and no pains will be spared to give satisfaction.

Mrs. R. R. REED,

Belleville, Nov. 20, 1855.

**J. E. LENT,**

Belleville, Nov. 13, 1855.

**NOTICE.**

THE undersigned begs to announce that he has opened a Saloon and Eating

House in the upper part of the brick building opposite Mr. Blacklock's Grocery, and directly over Mr. J. E. Booth's Clothing Store, where the public can be accommodated at all hours, and at a reasonable price.

A Bill of Fare

will be found upon the table, and no pains will be spared to give satisfaction.

Mrs. R. R. REED,

Belleville, Nov. 20, 1855.

&lt;p

How they read Newspapers.

It is a proof of the great variety of human development to notice persons reading a newspaper.

Mr. General Intelligence first glances at the news, then goes into the correspondence, and then he goes into the correspondence.

Mr. Sharper opens with stocks and markets, and ends with the advertisements for wants.

Ann Sather reads the stories—then looks to see who is married.

Miss Penn looks at the marriages first, and then reads the stories.

Miss Marvellous is coming to see the last news, the advertisements, and the like.

Uncle Ned looks up a funny thing, and laughs with a will.

Madame Gossips turns to the local departments for her tit-bits, and then to the advertisements for the paper-advice.

Mr. Politician dashes into the Telegraph, and from that into the editorial, ending with the speeches.

Mrs. Freely drops the tear of sympathy over her ailing, and then reads the marriage news, for, says she, one is about as bad as the other.

Our literary friend is eager for a nice composition from the editor, or some kind of correspondence. After a hasty look over the news, and the loss of the prospective, he turns a careless glance at the news department, and then takes to his Greek, perfectly satisfied.

The pleasure-seeker examines the programmes of public entertainments, and decides with what will fill his the greater amount of amusement.

The humorist searches among the wants for a better opening in business, and—but enough! an extension of the list is useless. There is just as much difference in readers as in—*in—* *in—*

But, if you're a poet yet come. If each does not find a column or less of his particularizing, the paper is good for nothing.

**TAX GOVERNOR OF BARTONIES**—The Minister of Journals, taking his custom from the members of the Legislature, has agreed to defer their abolition of the Hon. Mr. Hincks, and now largely over the reaction which this aspect has taken place in the public mind, in reference to this gentleman and his political career in this Province. It is a remarkable fact, that all the efforts of the Legislature—in all the demonstrations which have been got up to do him honour, although these have been emphatically declared to be of a private and personal, not a political character, Sir Edmund D. Head has taken no notice of them, and has remained in Niagara when the great grand-maman banquet took place; and if report is to be credited cleared out of the Hotel, bag and baggage, on the evening previous to the spread. So far as we can learn, Sir Edmund has in no way, directly or indirectly, taken notice of him. Evil communications corrupt good manners. This may be the principal upon which his Excellency has had a hand.

WE ARE TOLD—Dr. Roslyn, better known as Lord Loughborough, died after a few hours' illness, and the intelligence was brought to the King of the decease of his late servant, and one audacious courtier, George the Third was graciously pleased to exclaim—"They have not had time to get to him."

The most expressive, though hasty verdict, is that the organs would have us believe, the Governor of the Canadas should not carefully have been writing his name in the margin. So far as we can learn, Sir Edmund has in no way, directly or indirectly, taken notice of him. Evil communications corrupt good manners. This may be the principal upon which his Excellency has had a hand.

WE ARE TOLD—Dr. Roslyn, better known as Lord Loughborough, died after a few hours' illness, and the intelligence was brought to the King of the decease of his late servant, and one audacious courtier, George the Third was graciously pleased to exclaim—"They have not had time to get to him."

The most expressive, though hasty verdict, is that the organs would have us believe, the Governor of the Canadas should not carefully have been writing his name in the margin. So far as we can learn, Sir Edmund has in no way, directly or indirectly, taken notice of him. Evil communications corrupt good manners. This may be the principal upon which his Excellency has had a hand.

WE ARE TOLD—Dr. Roslyn, better known as Lord Loughborough, died after a few hours' illness, and the intelligence was brought to the King of the decease of his late servant, and one audacious courtier, George the Third was graciously pleased to exclaim—"They have not had time to get to him."

The most expressive, though hasty verdict, is that the organs would have us believe, the Governor of the Canadas should not carefully have been writing his name in the margin. So far as we can learn, Sir Edmund has in no way, directly or indirectly, taken notice of him. Evil communications corrupt good manners. This may be the principal upon which his Excellency has had a hand.

WE ARE TOLD—Dr. Roslyn, better known as Lord Loughborough, died after a few hours' illness, and the intelligence was brought to the King of the decease of his late servant, and one audacious courtier, George the Third was graciously pleased to exclaim—"They have not had time to get to him."

The most expressive, though hasty verdict, is that the organs would have us believe, the Governor of the Canadas should not carefully have been writing his name in the margin. So far as we can learn, Sir Edmund has in no way, directly or indirectly, taken notice of him. Evil communications corrupt good manners. This may be the principal upon which his Excellency has had a hand.

WE ARE TOLD—Dr. Roslyn, better known as Lord Loughborough, died after a few hours' illness, and the intelligence was brought to the King of the decease of his late servant, and one audacious courtier, George the Third was graciously pleased to exclaim—"They have not had time to get to him."

The most expressive, though hasty verdict, is that the organs would have us believe, the Governor of the Canadas should not carefully have been writing his name in the margin. So far as we can learn, Sir Edmund has in no way, directly or indirectly, taken notice of him. Evil communications corrupt good manners. This may be the principal upon which his Excellency has had a hand.

WE ARE TOLD—Dr. Roslyn, better known as Lord Loughborough, died after a few hours' illness, and the intelligence was brought to the King of the decease of his late servant, and one audacious courtier, George the Third was graciously pleased to exclaim—"They have not had time to get to him."

The most expressive, though hasty verdict, is that the organs would have us believe, the Governor of the Canadas should not carefully have been writing his name in the margin. So far as we can learn, Sir Edmund has in no way, directly or indirectly, taken notice of him. Evil communications corrupt good manners. This may be the principal upon which his Excellency has had a hand.

WE ARE TOLD—Dr. Roslyn, better known as Lord Loughborough, died after a few hours' illness, and the intelligence was brought to the King of the decease of his late servant, and one audacious courtier, George the Third was graciously pleased to exclaim—"They have not had time to get to him."

The most expressive, though hasty verdict, is that the organs would have us believe, the Governor of the Canadas should not carefully have been writing his name in the margin. So far as we can learn, Sir Edmund has in no way, directly or indirectly, taken notice of him. Evil communications corrupt good manners. This may be the principal upon which his Excellency has had a hand.

WE ARE TOLD—Dr. Roslyn, better known as Lord Loughborough, died after a few hours' illness, and the intelligence was brought to the King of the decease of his late servant, and one audacious courtier, George the Third was graciously pleased to exclaim—"They have not had time to get to him."

The most expressive, though hasty verdict, is that the organs would have us believe, the Governor of the Canadas should not carefully have been writing his name in the margin. So far as we can learn, Sir Edmund has in no way, directly or indirectly, taken notice of him. Evil communications corrupt good manners. This may be the principal upon which his Excellency has had a hand.

WE ARE TOLD—Dr. Roslyn, better known as Lord Loughborough, died after a few hours' illness, and the intelligence was brought to the King of the decease of his late servant, and one audacious courtier, George the Third was graciously pleased to exclaim—"They have not had time to get to him."

The most expressive, though hasty verdict, is that the organs would have us believe, the Governor of the Canadas should not carefully have been writing his name in the margin. So far as we can learn, Sir Edmund has in no way, directly or indirectly, taken notice of him. Evil communications corrupt good manners. This may be the principal upon which his Excellency has had a hand.

WE ARE TOLD—Dr. Roslyn, better known as Lord Loughborough, died after a few hours' illness, and the intelligence was brought to the King of the decease of his late servant, and one audacious courtier, George the Third was graciously pleased to exclaim—"They have not had time to get to him."

The most expressive, though hasty verdict, is that the organs would have us believe, the Governor of the Canadas should not carefully have been writing his name in the margin. So far as we can learn, Sir Edmund has in no way, directly or indirectly, taken notice of him. Evil communications corrupt good manners. This may be the principal upon which his Excellency has had a hand.

WE ARE TOLD—Dr. Roslyn, better known as Lord Loughborough, died after a few hours' illness, and the intelligence was brought to the King of the decease of his late servant, and one audacious courtier, George the Third was graciously pleased to exclaim—"They have not had time to get to him."

The most expressive, though hasty verdict, is that the organs would have us believe, the Governor of the Canadas should not carefully have been writing his name in the margin. So far as we can learn, Sir Edmund has in no way, directly or indirectly, taken notice of him. Evil communications corrupt good manners. This may be the principal upon which his Excellency has had a hand.

WE ARE TOLD—Dr. Roslyn, better known as Lord Loughborough, died after a few hours' illness, and the intelligence was brought to the King of the decease of his late servant, and one audacious courtier, George the Third was graciously pleased to exclaim—"They have not had time to get to him."

The most expressive, though hasty verdict, is that the organs would have us believe, the Governor of the Canadas should not carefully have been writing his name in the margin. So far as we can learn, Sir Edmund has in no way, directly or indirectly, taken notice of him. Evil communications corrupt good manners. This may be the principal upon which his Excellency has had a hand.



### CATHARTIC PILLS

OPERATE by their powerful influence on the system to cleanse the body and stimulate it into healthy action. They remove the obstructions of the body, and by restoring their irregular action to the system, give it a new lease of life.

The virtue of these pills is obtained in the form of extract, in pure and concentrated form, and is then reduced to make one of the extract. It is then prepared for use in the form of pills, which are called Dr. Holley's Pills.

The other remedy is produced from the virtues of several plants, and is called Dr. Holley's Forest Wine. (It being a wine produced from medicinal plants of the forest, never having been distilled.)

These are very good for the system.

They are also good for the system.

</